



Crabs Flying Kites

Writing A Zephyr Application In Rust

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Agenda

- Motivation
- Getting started with Rust in Zephyr
- Hello World Demo
- Code Review
- **Summary + Next Steps**





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THE SPEAKER

- Embedded Software Consultant (NYC, USA)
- Design Work
 - Medical Devices
 - LIDAR
 - Custom ASICs
- Expertise
 - Zephyr
 - Embedded Linux/Yocto



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TRAINING/WORKSHOPS



MOTIVATION



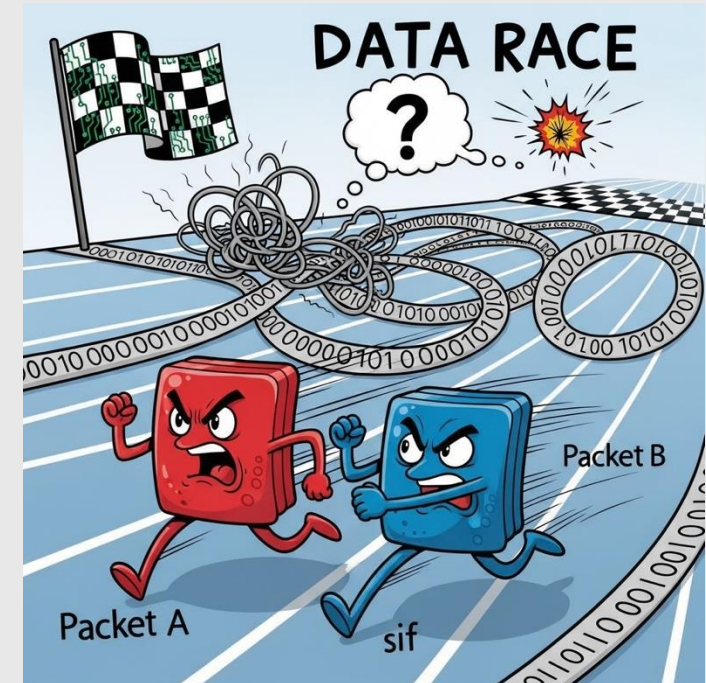
Zephyr Memory Related Issues

- Personally encountered
 - Data race
 - Stack overflow
- Data race
 - Multiple threads
 - Both accessing same resource (variable)
 - No synchronization



Zephyr Memory Related Issues

- Data Race
- Have (incorrect) synchronization
- K_NO_WAIT vs K_FOREVER
- Choosing the wrong one can affect entire application
- Problem gets worse if have multiple threads





Zephyr Memory Related Issues

- Stack Overflow
- Misconception encountered
 - West shows Flash and RAM use after compilation
 - Complains if either is overused
 - Doesn't that eliminate the possibility of encountering a stack overflow?

```
[6/6] Linking C executable zephyr/zephyr.elf
Memory region      Used Size  Region Size  %age Used
      FLASH:      44688 B      1 MB      4.26%
      RAM:       11136 B      96 KB     11.33%
      IDT_LIST:         0 GB      32 KB      0.00%
```



Zephyr Memory Related Issues

```
/home/mab/zephyr-sdk-0.16.4/arm-zephyr-eabi/bin/../lib/gcc/arm-zephyr-eabi/12.2.0/../../../../arm-zephyr-eabi/bin/ld.bfd: zephyr/zephyr_pre0.elf  
section `noinit' will not fit in region `RAM'
```

```
/home/mab/zephyr-sdk-0.16.4/arm-zephyr-eabi/bin/../lib/gcc/arm-zephyr-eabi/12.2.0/../../../../arm-zephyr-eabi/bin/ld.bfd: region `RAM' overflowed  
by 4544 bytes
```

```
collect2: error: ld returned 1 exit status
```

```
ninja: build stopped: subcommand failed.
```



Zephyr Memory Related Issues

- Stack Overflow
- Almost **everything** is configured with a stack size
 - Main thread
 - Other threads
 - Workqueue
 - Interrupt service routine
- Don't find out until runtime if blow through stack
 - West debug → hard fault handler
 - Can use stack canary



Zephyr Memory Related Issues

- Other?
- Try to avoid dynamically allocating memory
- But if needed, use `k_malloc` in Zephyr
 - `CONFIG_HEAP_MEM_POOL_SIZE`
- You are responsible for freeing dynamically allocated memory
- You are responsible for not using memory after freeing it
 - **Use after free**



Rust + Embedded

- Rust helps address issues outlined above
 - Data races
 - Stack overflow
 - Memory management
- Memory ownership model
 - Tracks memory ownership
 - Frees memory once determined it is no longer used
 - Ownership “transferred” according to a set of rules



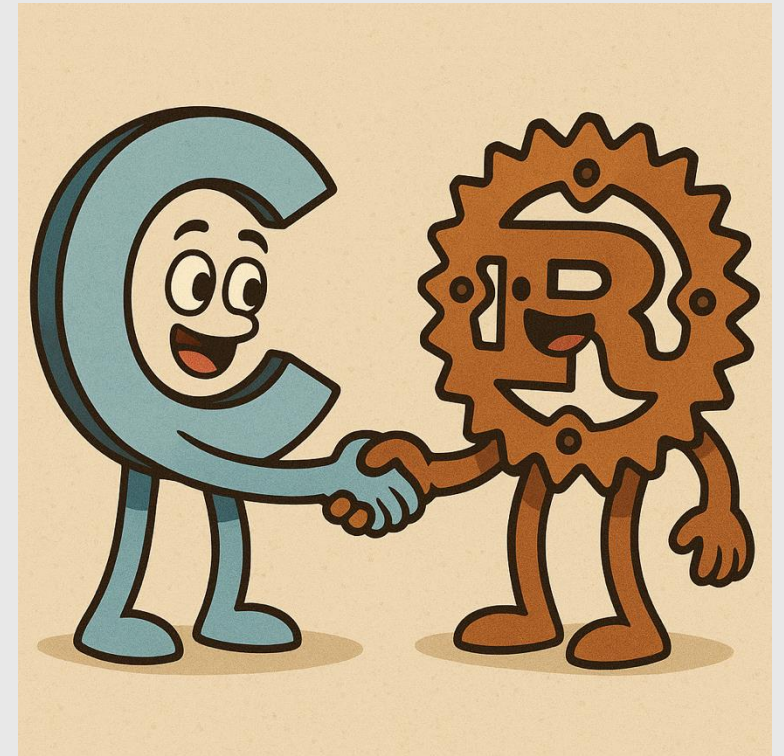
Rust + Embedded

- Memory ownership model
 - If access memory after ownership has been transferred, compilation error!
 - If modifying data across threads in an **unsafe** manner, compilation error!
 - Forces us to think about problems sooner rather than later
 - During compile time vs during run time
- **“Oh dear, I have to redesign how these threads interact”**
 - Nicer to know during compilation vs when devices out in the field



Rust + Embedded

- “Wait, is there another version of Zephyr written entirely in Rust”?
- **NO!**
- Rust and C can coexist
 - Foreign Function Interface (FFI)
 - Common paradigm to go Rust $\leftrightarrow$ C
- Identify how to best expose C side to Rust
 - This is the job of Zephyr maintainers/community
 - Not easy





Rust + Embedded



- **Beware**

- Rust is not a magical bullet that can solve ALL problems
- “If we switch to Rust, it will solve our performance issues”
- “When you have a hammer, not everything is a nail”



GETTING STARTED WITH RUST IN ZEPHYR



Environment Setup

- Install rust (obviously)

```
$> curl --proto '=https' --tlsv1.2 -sSf https://sh.rustup.rs | sh
```

- Install clang

- Needed to establish interface between C and Rust

```
$> sudo apt install clang
```

- Setup Python virtual environment and install dependencies

```
$> python3 -m venv .env
```

```
$> source .env/bin/activate
```

```
$> pip3 install west pyelftools intelhex
```



Zephyr + Rust

- Retrieve Zephyr v.4.2.0

```
$> west init -m https://github.com/zephyrproject-rtos/zephyr.git --mr v4.2.0
```

- Add Rust support

```
$> west config manifest.project-filter +zephyr-lang-rust
```

```
$> west update
```

- Build hello world!

```
$> cd modules/lang/rust
```

```
$> west build -b disco_l475_iot1 samples/hello_world/
```



Zephyr + Rust

- Success?
- **NO!**

```
2562 - let device = super::super::super::get_instance_raw();
2562 + let device = get_instance_raw();
```

For more information about this error, try `rustc --explain E0425`.

error: could not compile `zephyr` (lib) due to 3 previous errors

FAILED: always-run-cargo.dummy rust/target/thumbv7em-none-eabi/release/librustapp.a rust/wrapper.c /home/mab/zephyr-rust/modules/lang/rust/build/always-run-cargo.dummy /home/mab/zephyr-rust/modules/lang/rust/build/rust/target/thumbv7em-none-eabi/release/librustapp.a /home/mab/zephyr-rust/modules/lang/rust/build/rust/wrapper.c

cd /home/mab/zephyr-rust/modules/lang/rust/samples/hello_world && /usr/bin/cmake -E env BUILD_DIR=/home/mab/zephyr-rust/modules/lang/rust/build ZEPHYR_BASE=/home/mab/zephyr-rust/zephyr DOTCONFIG=/home/mab/zephyr-rust/modules/lang/rust/build/zephyr/.config ZEPHYR_DTS=/home/mab/zephyr-rust/modules/lang/rust/build/zephyr/zephyr.dts INCLUDE_DIRS="/home/mab/zephyr-rust/modules/lang/rust/build/zephyr/include/generated/zephyr /home/mab/zephyr-rust/zephyr/include /home/mab/zephyr-rust/modules/lang/rust/build/zephyr/include/generated /home/mab/zephyr-rust/zephyr/soc/st/stm32 /home/mab/zephyr-rust/zephyr/lib/libc/common/include /home/mab/zephyr-rust/zephyr/soc/st/stm32/common/ /home/mab/zephyr-rust/zephyr/drivers /home/mab/zephyr-rust/zephyr/soc/st/stm32/stm32l4xx/ /home/mab/zephyr-rust/modules/hal/cmsis/CMSIS/Core/Include /home/mab/zephyr-rust/modules/hal/cmsis_6/CMSIS/Core/Include /home/mab/zephyr-rust/zephyr/modules/cmsis_6/ /home/mab/zephyr-rust/modules/hal/stm32/stm32cube/stm32l4xx/soc /home/mab/zephyr-rust/modules/hal/stm32/stm32cube/stm32l4xx/drivers/include /home/mab/zephyr-rust/modules/hal/stm32/stm32cube/common_ll/include /home/mab/zephyr-rust/modules/hal/ti/mspm0/source/ti/devices/msp/ /home/mab/zephyr-rust/modules/hal/ti/mspm0/source/ti/devices/msp/m0p /home/mab/zephyr-rust/modules/hal/ti/mspm0/source/ti/devices/msp/peripherals /home/mab/zephyr-rust/modules/hal/ti/mspm0/source/ti/devices/msp/peripherals/m0p/sysctl " INCLUDE_DEFINES="KERNEL __ZEPHYR__=1 __LINUX_ERRNO_EXTENSIONS__ PICOLIBC_LONG_LONG_PRINTF_SCANF __PROGRAM_START __PROGRAM_START STM32L475xx USE_HAL_DRIVER USE_FULL_LL_DRIVER CORE_CM4 HSE_VALUE=8000000 K_HEAP_MEM_POOL_SIZE=0" WRAPPER_FILE="/home/mab/zephyr-rust/modules/lang/rust/build/rust/wrapper.c" DT_AUGMENTS="/home/mab/zephyr-rust/modules/lang/rust/dt-rust.yaml" BINARY_DIR_INCLUDE_GENERATED="/home/mab/zephyr-rust/modules/lang/rust/build/zephyr/include/generated/zephyr" cargo build --release --config patch.crates-io.zephyr.path="/home/mab/zephyr-rust/modules/lang/rust/zephyr/" --config patch.crates-io.zephyr-build.path="/home/mab/zephyr-rust/modules/lang/rust/zephyr-build/" --config patch.crates-io.zephyr-sys.path="/home/mab/zephyr-rust/modules/lang/rust/zephyr-sys/" --target thumbv7em-none-eabi --target-dir /home/mab/zephyr-rust/modules/lang/rust/build/rust/target

ninja: build stopped: subcommand failed.



Zephyr + Rust

- Check out zephyr-lang-rust at latest main branch

```
$> git fetch  
$> git checkout main
```

- Now builds, yay!
 - Remember, still WIP
 - Some gymnastics needed

```
(.env) mab@mab-HP-Laptop-14-fq1xxx:~/zephyr-rust/modules/lang/rust$ west build -b disco_l475_iot1 samples/hello_world/  
[0/11] Building Rust application  
Compiling zephyr-build v0.1.0 (/home/mab/zephyr-rust/modules/lang/rust/zephyr-build)  
Compiling zephyr-sys v0.1.0 (/home/mab/zephyr-rust/modules/lang/rust/zephyr-sys)  
Compiling zephyr v0.1.0 (/home/mab/zephyr-rust/modules/lang/rust/zephyr)  
Compiling rustapp v0.1.0 (/home/mab/zephyr-rust/modules/lang/rust/samples/hello_world)  
Finished `release` profile [optimized] target(s) in 1.56s  
[11/11] Linking C executable zephyr/zephyr.elf  
Memory region      Used Size  Region Size  %age Used  
FLASH:             45388 B      1 MB        4.33%  
RAM:                11136 B      96 KB       11.33%  
IDT_LIST:           0 GB       32 KB        0.00%  
Generating files from /home/mab/zephyr-rust/modules/lang/rust/build/zephyr/zephyr.elf for board: disco_l475_iot1
```



HELLO WORLD DEMO



Hardware

- STM32 BL475 IOT board (~\$50)
- <https://www.st.com/en/evaluation-tools/b-l475e-iot01a.html>
- STM32L4 ultra-low power MCU
- Many peripherals
 - BLE
 - Sub-G RF
 - WiFi
 - NFC
 - Microphone
 - (Accelerometer + Gyro), Magnetometer
 - ToF sensor, barometer, temperature,





Demo

```
mab@mab-HP-Laptop-14-fq1xxx: ~  
(.env) mab@mab-HP-Laptop-14-fq1xxx:~/zephyr-rust/modules/lang/rust$ west build -p b disco_l475_iot1 samples/hello_world/  
  
mab@mab-HP-Laptop-14-fq1xxx:~$  
  
[osseu] 0: bash- 1: bash- 2: vim- 3: bash* "mab-HP-Laptop-14-fq1x" 04:24 25-Aug-25
```



CODE REVIEW



Hello World Sample

```
# Copyright (c) 2024 Linaro LTD
# SPDX-License-Identifier: Apache-2.0

## The default 1k stack isn't large enough for rust string formatting with logging.
CONFIG_MAIN_STACK_SIZE=4096

CONFIG_RUST=y
CONFIG_RUST_ALLOC=y
CONFIG_LOG=y
CONFIG_LOG_BACKEND_RTT=n
```

Enables crate for heap-allocated
memory (not really required for this
sample)



Hello World Sample

- Zephyr divided into three main crates
 - **core**: Standard library without dependencies outside of language and architecture
 - **alloc**: Provides portions of standard library responsible for memory allocation. Requires platform to provide “allocator” implementation
 - Which Zephyr does when `CONFIG_RUST_ALLOC=y`
 - **std**: Everything else
 - File system, networking
 - Usually not included in Zephyr (or any embedded) application



Hello World Sample

- CMakeLists.txt

```
# SPDX-License-Identifier: Apache-2.0

cmake_minimum_required(VERSION 3.20.0)

find_package(Zephyr REQUIRED HINTS $ENV{ZEPHYR_BASE})

project(hello_rust_world)
rust_cargo_application()
```

Makes the Rust application
“visible” from the C side



Hello World Sample

- src/lib.rs is usual entry point in Rust library crate
- Rust logging is distinct from Zephyr logging
- Some glue logic exists to manage the interface/relationship

Called by C-side

```
// Copyright (c) 2024 Linaro LTD
// SPDX-License-Identifier: Apache-2.0

#![no_std]

use log::info;

#[no_mangle]
extern "C" fn rust_main() {
    unsafe {
        zephyr::set_logger().unwrap();

        info!("Hello world from Rust on {}", zephyr::kconfig::CONFIG_BOARD);
    }
}
```

Some glue logic to
manage Zephyr/Rust
logging



Hello World Sample

- Cargo.toml

Typical Rust

```
## Copyright (c) 2024 Linaro LTD
# SPDX-License-Identifier: Apache-2.0

[package]
# This must be rustapp for now.
name = "rustapp"
version = "0.1.0"
edition = "2021"
description = "A sample hello world application in Rust"
license = "Apache-2.0 or MIT"

[lib]
crate-type = ["staticlib"]

[dependencies]
zephyr = "0.1.0"
log = "0.4.22"
```

Want to compile as
library

Include Zephyr crate as
dependency (+ Rust log crate)



SUMMARY + NEXT STEPS



Summary

- Understood the value that Rust brings to embedded software applications
 - **NOT GOING TO SOLVE ALL PROBLEMS!**
 - **Does help mitigate nasty problems**
- **“Can we replace it all with Rust because of ...” -- Your Manager**
- Understood how Zephyr intelligently leverages Rust as a force multiplier
 - Use existing crates for task management and synchronization
- Dug into codebase
- Learned how to get started



Next Steps

- Review more complex applications
- Multi-threaded applications and synchronization
 - Leverage Rust “embassy executor” crate
 - Leverage Rust “embassy sync” crate
 - Semaphore, mutex
- Expose Kconfig settings to applications
- Expose Devicetree configurations to applications



Next Steps

- Library and binary crates
 - Fit nicely into Zephyr's testing paradigm
 - Personal best practice
 - Final application source is very minimal (simply initializes a few application libraries)
 - Most implementation contained in application libraries
 - Easily write unit tests
- Should be able easily leverage that paradigm when using Rust + Zephyr



Next Steps

- Drivers
 - Take a stab at writing device drivers in Rust
 - Have a few PRs open for new device drivers (in C)
 - Might rewrite them in Rust as an experiment



THANK YOU!

QUESTIONS?

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Open Source Summit EU 25, Amsterdam